### **Mission Statement:**

Creating tomorrow's successful and caring citizens today.



Policy Updated By	Latest Publish Date	Monitoring Cycle	
Grace Musto	February 2023	Yearly	

## Schedule for Development / Monitoring / Appendices/ Review

The implementation of this policy will be monitored by the:	Principal and Senior Leadership Team
The Policy will be reviewed annually, or more regularly, in the light of any significant new developments. The next anticipated review date will be:	February 2024
Should serious incidents take place, the following external persons/agencies should be informed:	Akram Tarik (Principal) and in his absence (Vice Principal)

## **Headlice Policy**

#### Introduction

Head lice are tiny insects that can live in human hair. They are particularly common in children. They can't fly, jump or swim and are spread by head-to-head contact, climbing from the hair of an infected person to the hair of someone else. A head lice infestation isn't the result of dirty hair or poor hygiene. All types of hair can be affected, regardless of its length and condition. It is a harmless nuisance. Head lice (nits) can be visible with the naked eye. It's recommended to use the conditioner/fine toothed combing detection method, although use of a magnifying lens may be necessary to find crawling lice or to identify a developing nymph inside a viable nit. Nits are often confused with other particles found in hair such as dandruff, hair spray droplets, and dirt particles.

### Purpose of the Policy

The purpose of this policy is to provide procedures for school and parents to follow in the treatment of head lice and nits.

### Aims and Objectives

- Decrease in school absenteeism.
- Support families in the efforts to control and eliminate head lice
- Maintain student privacy.

# Assessment and recording

Head lice often cause a person's scalp to itch. Itching isn't caused by the lice biting the scalp but by an allergy to the lice. However, not everyone is allergic to head lice, so you may not notice a head lice infestation. In some cases, a rash may appear on the back of the neck. This is caused by a reaction to lice droppings.

### **Vision**

'At GFM we empower students to have the heart to celebrate uniqueness and the mind to be innovative, creative problem solvers, bringing a positive change to the world in which we live.'

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In working with head lice and student, it is important to keep the following elements in mind:

- Implementation of head lice surveillance and control procedures is based on current scientific research and best practice.
- Information about head lice infestation is confidential
- Consideration of the student's ability to understand whether or not they have head lice and if having this information is developmentally appropriate.
- The importance of the school nurse and/or school staff documenting head lice surveillance efforts
- If a case of suspected head lice is reported to the school nurse, a head inspection may
  be carried out by the school nurse. If the teacher suspects, the nurse should check and
  the doctor if available should confirm. If a parent opts out of allowing the nurse to
  examine their child, they must collect the child and have the child examined by another
  medical practitioner.

When a student is found to have live lice:

- The parent is notified and information shared
- Student with live lice is excluded from school and the parent is instructed that the student should be treated before returning to school.
- Children with live lice should receive treatment before returning to school. The child can return once a medical note is provided from a doctor stating that the child is now clear from head lice.
- Children are allowed back in school with nits provided they have been treated with medicated shampoo to remove lice.
- Repeating treatment after one week from the first use of shampoo is required to ensure that any bugs that hatch from the eggs (which treatments don't destroy) will be eradicated.
- It may be appropriate to have the student's head inspected upon return to school.
- If dead lice and/or nits are found the parent is notified to keep checking and combing (at least once a day for the next 2 weeks)=

Signed	Date Rb 23	
Vice Principal		

Signed Date Feb 2013

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Principal/CEO

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